## WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2024 REGULAR SESSION**

Enrolled

**Committee Substitute** 

for

**Committee Substitute** 

for

## Senate Bill 679

BY SENATORS STUART, TAYLOR, AND DEEDS

[Passed March 9, 2024; in effect from passage]

1 AN ACT to amend and reenact §11-16-23 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to 2 amend and reenact §19-12E-12 of said code; to amend and reenact §19-12F-1, §19-12F-3, §19-12F-4, §19-12F-7, §19-12F-8, §19-12F-9, and §19-12F-11 of said code; to amend 3 4 said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §19-12F-9a; and to amend and 5 reenact §60-7-13 of said code, all relating to regulation of select plant-based derivatives, 6 including hemp-derived cannabinoid products and regulation of kratom; clarifying findings; 7 defining terms; redirecting moneys from monetary penalties assessed by Commissioner of Agriculture to another fund; requiring permits to manufacture, process, distribute, offer 8 9 to sell, and sell regulated products; prohibiting retailer from adding imposed tax as 10 separate new charge; specifying regulatory authority of the Commissioner of Agriculture 11 and the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner; specifying funding 12 requirements for nonintoxicating beer tax revenues; specifying application of the 13 Administrative Procedures Act for certain contested cases; specifying application fees for 14 certain permits; specifying requirements for business registration certificate, nexus, 15 jurisdiction, and taxation relating to remote interstate sales and distribution; imposition of 16 use tax; specifying maintenance of lists by the Commissioner of Agriculture of permittees, 17 approved products and entities, and persons who cease to be permitted; specifying labeling requirements; authorizing use of funds by the Commissioner of Agriculture and 18 19 Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner; specifying application of Tax Commissioner's fee; authorizing and requiring a certain memoranda of understanding and 20 21 information sharing between Tax Commissioner, Commissioner of Agriculture, and 22 Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner; requiring a memorandum of 23 cooperation; specifying administrative sanctions; authorizing the Alcohol Beverage 24 Control Administration Commissioner to enforce regulation of the product at the retail level; authorizing enforcement actions involving agents of the Alcohol Beverage Control 25 26 Administration Commissioner and persons acting upon the request, direction, or control

of law-enforcement agencies; clarifying Alcohol Beverage Control Administration
 Commissioner's authority over alcohol licensees selling kratom and hemp-derived
 cannabinoid products; and specifying transfer of excess Alcohol Beverage Control
 Enforcement Fund money.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

#### **ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.**

# §11-16-23. Revocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty; hearing assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund.

(a) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a licensee has: (i) Violated the
provisions of §11-16-18 of this code, or of §60-1-1 *et seq.* of this code; (ii) acted in such a way as
would have precluded initial or renewal licensure; or (iii) violated any rule or order promulgated
by the commissioner, he or she may:

5 (1) Revoke the licensee's license;

6 (2) Suspend the licensee's license;

7 (3) Place the licensee on probationary status for a period not to exceed 12 months; and

8 (4) Impose a monetary penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation where revocation9 is not imposed.

10 (b) Any monetary penalty assessed and collected by the commissioner shall be 11 transmitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the State Treasury to the credit of a special 12 revenue fund designated the Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund established by the 13 provisions of §60-7-13 of this code.

(c) In addition to the grounds for revocation, suspension, or other sanction of a license set
forth in subsection (a) of this section, conviction of the licensee of any offense constituting a
violation of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to nonintoxicating beer or alcoholic

17 liquor are mandatory grounds for sanctioning of a license. Conviction of the licensee of any 18 violation of the laws of this State or of the United States relating to prostitution or the sale, 19 possession, or distribution of narcotics or controlled substances is mandatory grounds for 20 revocation of the licensee's license for a period of at least one year.

#### CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

#### ARTICLE 12E. INDUSTRIAL HEMP DEVELOPMENT ACT.

#### §19-12E-12. Regulation of select plant-based derivatives; findings; industrial hemp.

(a) This section shall be known as the Select Plant-Based Derivatives Regulation Act:
 Industrial Hemp.

3 (b) The Legislature finds that select plant-based derivatives can be regulated so as not to 4 interfere with the strict regulation of controlled substances in this state, and that the 5 manufacturing, processing, distribution, and retail sale, or other sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid 6 products is an activity deserving of particular, careful, and strict attention to the administration and 7 enforcement of West Virginia standards designed to protect and safeguard the welfare and well-8 being of West Virginia citizens and residents. The purpose of the act is to allow limited, regulated 9 access to select plant-based derivatives which are naturally occurring and as authorized by the 10 provisions of this article for adults 21 years of age and older: *Provided*, That the provisions of this 11 section shall not apply to naturally occurring select plant-based derivative products not containing 12 tetrahydrocannabinol content. Businesses located within this state engaged in manufacturing, 13 processing, distributing, or sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products and businesses located 14 outside of this state that are engaged in the remote distribution or remote retail sale of hemp-15 derived cannabinoid products across state lines for delivery into this state, are subject to the 16 permitting, labeling, and other control and administration provisions of this article. In the interest 17 of protecting the safety, welfare, and well-being of West Virginia citizens and residents, West 18 Virginia nexus and jurisdiction attaches for purposes of business registration, permitting,

regulation, and taxation with relation to the activity of distribution or sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products across state lines into this state. Persons located outside of this state that are engaged in distribution or sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products across state lines into this state shall obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate as specified in §11-12-1 *et seq.* of this code and are subject to other administrative and regulatory requirements as set forth in this code.

25 (c) As used in this section:

(1) "Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner" means the West Virginia
 Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner or his or her designees.

28 (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designees.

29 (3) "Contaminated" means made impure or unsafe by biological, chemical, or physical30 additives.

31 (4) "Department" or "Department of Agriculture" means the West Virginia Department of
 32 Agriculture.

(5) "Final product" means a product approved by the Department in accordance with the
 provisions of this article, and any other applicable rules and requirements set forth by the
 Department, as specified for the product.

36 (6) "Grower" means a person or entity which grows industrial hemp.

37 (7) "Hemp-derived cannabinoid" means a naturally occurring non-synthetic substance as38 follows:

39 (A) Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol with a total concentration of not more than 0.3 percent
40 on a dry weight basis; or

41 (B) Delta-8 tetrahydrocannabinol;

42 (C) Delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol;

43 (D) Hexahydrocannabinol (HHC-);

44 (E) Tetrahydrocannabiphorol (THCp); and

45 (F) Tetrahydrocannabivarin (THCv).

(8) "Non-naturally occurring derivative" means a product that is contaminated as defined
by this article, or a product that, upon result of Department laboratory testing, is found to be in
violation of this article or rules promulgated therewith, or otherwise violates applicable federal
regulations.

(9) "Processor" or "manufacturer" means a person or entity that processes compounds or
converts hemp-derived cannabinoids into a hemp-derived cannabinoid product and distributes,
sells, or offers for sale, hemp-derived cannabinoid products in this state on a wholesale basis to
a retailer.

54 (10) "Retail sales" means the sale of hemp-derived products in a commercial setting as
55 determined and set forth in rules promulgated by the commissioner.

56 (11) "Seller" or "distributor" means a person or entity that distributes, offers for sale, or
57 sells hemp-derived products to persons for personal consumption.

58 (d) Permitting and registration.

(1) The commissioner may issue manufacturer, processor, distributor, and retailer permits.
Any person manufacturing, processing, distributing, offering for sale, or selling any hemp-derived
cannabinoid products in this state shall have a permit issued by the commissioner and be
otherwise authorized to do business in this State.

(2) The business activity subject to permitting under this section shall be treated as
separate and distinct from manufacturing, processing, distribution, or sale of kratom and kratom
products addressed and administered under §19-12F-1 *et seq.* of this code, or of hemp addressed
and administered under other sections of this article, or of medical cannabis addressed and
administered under §16A-9-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(3) Persons engaged in manufacturing, processing, distribution, or sale of hemp-derived
 cannabinoid products in this state shall obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate as

specified in §11-12-1 *et seq.* of this code and are subject to other administrative and regulatory
requirements set forth in this code.

(4) The Tax Commissioner may place a notation on the business registration certificate
showing the status of the certificate holder as a person or entity holding a permit from the
commissioner pursuant to this section.

(5) The commissioner shall keep a list of all persons and entities that have been issued
permits pursuant to this section. Such list shall be public information and shall be published initially
on or before June 30, 2024, by the commissioner on its website from time to time so as to reflect
a current listing.

(6) The commissioner shall keep a list of any persons or entities that have been subject
to a permit revocation, withdrawal, suspension, non-renewal, or other process whereby the
person or entity has ceased to be a permit holder in good standing with the commissioner.

(7) The commissioner shall keep a list of all hemp-derived cannabinoid products that have
been approved for sale or distribution in this state. Such list shall be public information and shall
be published initially on or before June 30, 2024, by the commissioner on its website from time to
time so as to reflect a current listing.

86 (e) Rules. The commissioner shall propose legislative rules for promulgation in
87 accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code that include, but are not limited to:

88 (1) Issuance of permits to persons who wish to manufacture, handle, process, distribute,
89 offer for sale, or sell hemp-derived cannabinoid products;

90 (2) Regular sampling and testing of hemp-derived cannabinoid products to determine91 purity levels;

92 (3) Supervision of the hemp-derived cannabinoid products during their cultivation,93 processing, and sale;

94 (4) Assessment of fees as commensurate with the need of the commissioner's activities
95 in issuing permits, laboratory testing, and in overseeing the regulation of hemp-derived products.
96 Such fees shall be in addition to those fees specified in subsection (d) of this section:

97 (5) Approving the manufacture, production, sale, processing, distributing, and transport of
98 hemp-derived cannabinoid products;

99 (6) Developing guidelines for the labeling of hemp-derived cannabinoid products,
100 including, but not limited to, a statement which says "KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
101 CONSULT YOUR PHYSICIAN BEFORE USE IF YOU ARE PREGNANT OR TAKING ANY
102 MEDICATION" and "USE OF THIS PRODUCT MAY IMPACT DRUG TESTING RESULTS";

(7) Developing guidelines or standards related to the display or staging of hemp-derived
 cannabinoid products to increase the safety of underage patrons in retail environments;

105 (8) Developing guidelines or standards to restrict the advertising or marketing of106 unapproved or unlawful products;

107 (9) Developing prohibitions on child-targeted packaging and shapes and forms of 108 products;

109 (10) Developing administrative rules, procedures, and sanctions for violations of this110 section; and

111 (11) Any other rules and procedures necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

112 (f) Emergency rules; mandatory labeling.

(1) Emergency Rules. The commissioner and the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration
 Commissioner may, pursuant to §29A-3-15 of this code, promulgate such separate or joint
 emergency rules necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article.

116 (2) Labeling.

(A) The commissioner shall review labels to be used on hemp-derived cannabinoidproducts to be sold in this state.

(B) In addition to the labeling required by the provisions of subdivision (6) of subsection
(e) of this section the commissioner may require and prescribe such labeling as he or she may
determine to be necessary and appropriate for hemp-derived cannabinoid products to be sold to
the final consumer in this state.

(C) Hemp-derived cannabinoid products may not be sold to the final consumer in this Statewithout an approved label.

(g) Any website owned, managed, or operated by a person who manufactures, processes,
distributes, offers for sale, or sells hemp-derived cannabinoid products to persons in this state
shall employ a neutral age-screening mechanism to verify legal age. The mechanism may include
an age-gate, age-screen, or any other age-verification mechanism approved by the
commissioner.

(h) Any person or entity distributing, offering to distribute, or selling hemp-derived
cannabinoid products to persons in this state by means other than a direct in-person transaction
shall employ an age verification mechanism approved by the commissioner.

(i) For the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in the business of the retail
sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, as defined in this section, there is hereby levied upon
and collected from every person exercising the privilege a privilege tax equal to 11 percent of the
retail sales price on each retail sale of hemp-derived cannabinoids. Such tax is imposed in
addition to all other applicable taxes.

(1) The tax imposed by this subsection shall not be added by the retailer as a separate charge or line item on any sales slip, invoice, receipt, other statement, or memorandum of the price paid by a customer. The tax shall be due and payable on a quarterly basis as follows: on the 20th day of January, April, July, and October for the preceding calendar quarter. When the payment of tax is due, the person or entity permitted by the commissioner shall file a tax return in a form prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. The Tax Commissioner may require such forms,

schedules, and returns and impose such filing and remittance requirements that are necessaryor convenient for the efficient administration of taxes imposed by this subsection.

(2) The taxes imposed by this subsection shall be paid by the person or entity permitted
by the commissioner to the Tax Commissioner by electronic funds transfer unless electronic
payment is prohibited by state or federal law. Tax returns required by this subsection shall be filed
electronically with the Tax Commissioner.

150 (3) The West Virginia use tax shall be collected from sellers and marketplace facilitators 151 as defined in §11-15A-1 of this code, and referrers engaged in making sales, facilitating sales, 152 marketing, or referring sellers or purchasers for the purpose of making or furthering retail sales of 153 hemp-derived cannabinoid products into this state. Such sellers, marketplace facilitators, and 154 referrers are subject to the taxation and other requirements of §11-15A-1 et seq. of this code, 155 including §11-15A-6a and §11-15A-6b of this code. Application of §11-15A-6a and §11-15A-6b of this code shall not be limited to the thresholds specified in subsection §11-15A-6b(e) of this code 156 157 but in the interest of protecting the safety, welfare, and well-being of West Virginia citizens and 158 residents, West Virginia nexus and jurisdiction shall attach with relation to any such activity for 159 the purpose of making or furthering retail sales of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, into this 160 state.

(4) If any retailer does not renew its permit, relinquishes its permit, has its permit to operate suspended or revoked, or otherwise ceases selling hemp-derived cannabinoid products, then any tax, additions to tax, penalties, and interest imposed by this section and by §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code shall become due and the retailer shall make a final return or returns and pay any tax which is due within 90 days of not renewing its permit, relinquishing its permit, having its permit to operate suspended or revoked, or otherwise ceasing business. The unpaid amount of any tax is to be considered a lien.

168 (5) All money received from the privilege tax imposed under this section, including any 169 interest and additions to tax paid under §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code, less the amount of any

refunds, and less the fee retained by the Tax Commissioner pursuant to §11-10-27 of this code,
shall be deposited into the Agricultural Fees Fund created by §19-1-4c of this code.

(6) Persons or entities subject to the tax imposed by this section shall provide to the Tax
Commissioner any information required by the Tax Commissioner to administer, collect, and
enforce the tax imposed by this section.

175 (7) Notwithstanding any provision of §11-10-1 et seq. of this code or of this article to the 176 contrary, the Tax Commissioner, the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner, 177 and the commissioner may enter into written agreements pursuant to which the Tax 178 Commissioner may disclose to designated employees of the Alcohol Beverage Control 179 Administration Commissioner or the commissioner, or both, whether a particular retailer or 180 permittee, or applicant for a permit, is in good standing with the Tax Commissioner, and the 181 commissioner may disclose to designated employees of the Tax Commissioner or the Alcohol 182 Beverage Control Administration Commissioner, or both, information a retailer or permittee, or 183 applicant for a permit, provides to the commissioner pursuant to this code and the Alcohol 184 Beverage Control Administration Commissioner may disclose to designated employees of the 185 Tax Commissioner, or the commissioner, or both, information a retailer or permittee, or applicant 186 for a permit, provides to the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner pursuant to 187 this code. Tax information disclosed pursuant to a written agreement shall remain confidential in 188 the hands of the receiver and shall not be disclosable under §29B-1-1 et seq. of this code. To the 189 extent feasible, this information should be shared or exchanged electronically to ensure safe 190 destruction, or as necessary, proper file retention practices.

(8) The Tax Commissioner may promulgate, in accordance with the provisions of §29A-31 *et seq.* of this code, any necessary legislative rules, including emergency rules, as the Tax
Commissioner considers necessary for the efficient administration of taxes imposed by this
subsection.

(A) Funds from the tax imposed by the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, less
the fee retained by the Tax Commissioner pursuant to §11-10-27 of this code, and deposited in
the Agricultural Fees Fund, shall be divided and deposited as follows:

(i) Sixty-five percent shall remain in the Agriculture Fees Fund for the use of thecommissioner for administering and enforcing the provisions of this article;

(ii) Five percent shall be transferred to the Fight Substance Abuse Fund created by §60A9-8 of this code; and

(iii) Thirty percent shall be deposited in the Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund
established by the provisions of §60-7-13 of this code.

(B) Notwithstanding any provision in §11-9-1 *et seq.* of this code to the contrary, and as
relevant to the tax imposed by this section, the West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act set
forth in §11-9-1 *et seq.* of this code shall apply with like effect as if the said West Virginia Tax
Crimes and Penalties Act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this section and were set
forth in extenso in this section.

(C) Notwithstanding any provision of §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code, or any other provision of this code to the contrary, each and every provision of the West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act as set forth in §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code applies to the tax imposed by this section with like effect as if the said West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso in this section.

(j) The provisions of this section related to retail sales shall be enforced by thecommissioner with the assistance of the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner.

(1) The commissioner, the Tax Commissioner, and the Alcohol Beverage Control
 Administration Commissioner may enter into a memorandum or memoranda of understanding to
 facilitate the enforcement of this section. In addition to any other memoranda, the aforementioned
 commissioners may enter into, they shall agree by memorandum to the following:

220 (A) To assist each other in enforcement of this section;

(B) To assist each other in training and cooperating with State and local law enforcementto develop a state-wide plan for implementing the provisions of this section;

(C) To confer among themselves and law enforcement about enforcement of this sectionon a monthly basis; and

(D) To jointly compile a report to be submitted to the Joint Committee on Government and
 Finance on or before January 1, 2025, as to actions undertaken to enforce this section and the
 results thereof.

(2) Procedure for contested cases. Any person or entity seeking to contest an
administrative action of the commissioner under this article shall assert such contestation in
writing within 14 days under the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act set forth in §29A5-1 *et seq.* of this code in administrative proceedings held by or before the commissioner or his
or her designee.

(I)(1) Any hemp-derived product found in this state in violation of this article is hereby
declared contraband and any property interest in the hemp-derived product is vested in the State
of West Virginia and is subject to seizure, forfeiture, and destruction.

(2) Any certified law-enforcement officer in this state may enforce the criminal provisions
 of this section, and enforcement agents of the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration
 Commissioner may enforce the administrative retailer provisions of this section as relating to retail
 sales.

(3) The commissioner shall provide the requisite training necessary to enforce the criminaland administrative provisions of this section.

242 (4) The amendments to this subsection enacted during the 2024 Regular Legislative243 Session are effective from passage.

(m) Any person who manufactures, processes, distributes, sells, or offers for sale any
 hemp-derived cannabinoid product in this state without a permit to do so is guilty of a crime.

(1) A first violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, a
person shall be fined not more than \$1,000, confined in jail for not more than one year, or both
fined and confined.

(2) A second or subsequent violation of this subsection is a felony and, upon conviction
thereof, a person shall be fined not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility
for not less than one nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(n) Any person who processes, distributes, manufactures, sells, or offers to sell any hempderived product knowing or having reason to know that the product has been contaminated with
a toxic or illegal substance is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
more than \$10,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than two nor more
than 10 years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(o)(1) Any person who knowingly manufactures, processes, distributes, sells, or offers for
sale any hemp-derived cannabinoid product which has not been approved by the commissioner
is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor
more than \$5,000, or confined in jail for not more than one year, or both fined and confined.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a second or
subsequent violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection constitutes a felony and any person
convicted thereof shall be fined not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility
for not less than one nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(p) Any person who knowingly distributes, offers for sale, or sells a contaminated hempderived cannabinoid product is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
less than \$10,000 nor more than \$25,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less
than one nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(q) Any person who knowingly distributes or sells hemp-derived cannabinoid product to a
person under the age of 21 is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not

more than \$5,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more thanfive years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(r)(1) Any person under the age of 21 who possesses hemp-derived cannabinoid product
is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or
confined in jail for not more than one year, or both fined and confined.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, second and
subsequent violations of subdivision (1) of this subsection constitute a felony, and any person
convicted thereof shall be fined not more than \$5,000, and imprisoned in a state correctional
facility for not less than one nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned.

280 (s) Administrative sanctions.

281 (1) In the case of any person or entity holding a permit issued by the commissioner under 282 this article charged with any criminal violation enumerated in this section, the commissioner, in 283 addition to such criminal penalties imposed, may impose administrative sanctions including, but 284 not limited to, permanent revocation of any one or more permits held by the violator, revocation 285 of one or more permits held by the violator for a period of time to be determined by the 286 commissioner, suspension of any one or more permits held by the violator for a period of time to 287 be determined by the commissioner, a fine or fines to any one or more permits held by the violator 288 not to exceed \$1,000 per each violation as determined by the commissioner, or non-issuance of 289 a permit upon application of a violator. For purposes of this subsection, administrative sanctions 290 may be imposed by the commissioner upon or against any alter ego, agent, representative, or 291 person or entity acting on behalf of, or in the interest of, a violator.

(2) The commissioner may impose the administrative sanctions in subdivision (1) of this
subsection upon any person or entity under indictment for any of the criminal violations during,
and during the pendency, of a criminal trial therefor.

(t) Nothing in this article shall prohibit an authorized enforcement agent of the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner or a person who is at least 18 years of age from purchasing or possessing hemp-derived cannabinoid products when he or she is acting upon the request of, or under the direction and control of, any member of a state, federal, or local lawenforcement agency or the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner while the agency is conducting an investigation or other activity relating to the criminal or administrative enforcement of this section.

### ARTICLE 12F. SELECT PLANT-BASED DERIVATIVES REGULATION ACT: KRATOM.

#### §19-12F-1. Short title. Findings.

(a)This article shall be known as the Select Plant-Based Derivatives Regulation Act:
 Kratom.

3 (b) The Legislature finds that the manufacturing, processing, distributing, and sale of 4 kratom or kratom products is an activity deserving of particular, careful, and strict attention to the administration and enforcement of West Virginia standards designed to protect and safeguard the 5 6 welfare and well-being of West Virginia citizens and residents. Therefore, the permitting, labeling, 7 and other control and administration provisions of this article apply to businesses located within 8 this state engaged in manufacturing, processing, distribution, or sale of kratom or kratom products 9 and to businesses located outside of this state that are engaged in the remote distribution or 10 remote retail sale of kratom or kratom products across state lines for delivery into this state.

#### §19-12F-3. Definitions.

- (1) "Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner" means the West Virginia
   Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner or his or her designee.
- 3 (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee.

4 (3) "Contaminated" means made impure and unsafe by biological, chemical, or physical5 additives.

6 (4) "Department" or "Department of Agriculture" means the West Virginia Department of7 Agriculture.

8 (5) "Kratom" means a psychoactive preparation that is composed of the crushed or 9 powdered dried leaves of the mitragyna speciosa, a lowered tropical tree which contains the 10 alkaloids mitragynine and 7-hydroxymitragynine.

(6) "Kratom product" means a food product, food ingredient, dietary ingredient, dietary
supplement, or beverage intended or marketed for human consumption containing any part of the
leaf of the plant mitragyna speciosa.

14 (7) "Grower" means a person or entity which grows kratom for commercial purposes.

(8) "Processor" or "manufacturer" means a person or entity that processes, compounds,
or converts plant material from mitragyna speciosa into a kratom product. This also includes
further processing, compounding, converting, or repackaging of existing kratom products.

(9) "Retailer" or "seller" means a person or entity that distributes, offers for sale, or sells
kratom or kratom products to persons for personal consumption.

#### §19-12F-4. Processor and retailer permits; regulations; permitting; and registration.

1 (a) Any person manufacturing, processing, distributing, offering for sale, or selling any 2 kratom or kratom products in this state shall have a permit issued by the commissioner and be 3 otherwise authorized to do business in this state. The commissioner may issue manufacturer, 4 processor, distributor, and retailer permits. The business activity subject to permitting under this 5 article shall be treated as separate and distinct from manufacturing, processing, distribution, or 6 sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products addressed and administered under §19-12E-12 of 7 this code, or of hemp addressed and administered under §19-12E-1 et seq. of this code, or of 8 medical cannabis addressed and administered under §16A-9-1 et seq. of this code.

9 (b) Persons engaged in manufacturing, processing, distribution, or sale of kratom or 10 kratom products in this State must obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate as 11 specified in §11-12-1 *et seq.* of this code and shall be subject to other administrative and 12 regulatory requirements as set forth in this code.

13 (c) In the interest of protecting the safety, welfare, and well-being of West Virginia citizens 14 and residents, West Virginia nexus and jurisdiction attaches for purposes of business registration, 15 permitting, regulation and taxation with relation to the activity of distribution or sale of kratom or 16 kratom products across State lines into this State. Persons located outside of this State that are 17 engaged in distribution or sale of kratom or kratom products across state lines into this State must 18 obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate as specified in §11-12-1 *et seq.* of this code 19 and shall be subject to other administrative and regulatory requirements as set forth in this code.

(d) The Tax Commissioner may place a notation on the business registration certificate
 showing the status of the certificate holder as a person or entity holding a permit from the
 commissioner pursuant to this article.

(e) The commissioner shall keep a list of all persons and entities that have been issued
permits pursuant to this article. Such list shall be public information and shall be published initially
on or before June 30, 2024, by the commissioner on its website from time to time so as to reflect
a current listing.

(f) The commissioner shall keep a list of any persons or entities that have been subject to
a permit, revocation, withdrawal, suspension, non-renewal, or other process whereby the person
or entity has ceased to be a permit holder in good standing with the commissioner.

30 (g) The commissioner shall keep a list of all kratom and kratom products that have been
31 approved for sale or distribution in this State. Such list shall be public information and shall be
32 published initially on or before June 30, 2024, by the commissioner on its website from time to
33 time so as to reflect a current listing.

#### §19-12F-7. Taxation; disposition of funds.

(a) For the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in the business of the retail
 sale of kratom or kratom products, there is hereby levied upon and collected from every person
 exercising the privilege a privilege tax equal to 11 percent of the retail sales price of kratom or
 kratom products sold during the reporting period. Such tax is imposed in addition to all other
 applicable taxes.

6 (b) The tax imposed by this article shall not be added by the retailer as a separate charge
7 or line item on any sales slip, invoice, receipt, other statement, or memorandum of the price paid
8 by a customer.

9 (c) The tax is due and payable on a quarterly basis as follows: On the 20th day of January, 10 April, July, and October for the preceding calendar quarter. When the payment of tax is due, the 11 person shall file a tax return in a form prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. The Tax 12 Commissioner may require such forms, schedules, and returns and impose such filing and 13 remittance requirements necessary or convenient for the efficient administration of taxes imposed 14 by this subsection.

(d)(1) The taxes imposed by this subsection shall be paid to the Tax Commissioner by
electronic funds transfer unless electronic payment is prohibited by state or federal law. Tax
returns required by this subsection shall be filed electronically with the Tax Commissioner.

18 (2) The West Virginia use tax shall be collected from sellers, marketplace facilitators, and 19 referrers engaged in making sales, facilitating sales, marketing, or referring sellers or purchasers 20 for the purpose of making or furthering retail sales of kratom and kratom products into this state. 21 The sellers, marketplace facilitators, and referrers are subject to the taxation and other 22 requirements of §11-15A-1 et seq. of this code, including §11-15A-6a and §11-15A-6b of this 23 code. Application of §11-15A-6a and §11-15A-6b of this code shall not be limited to the thresholds 24 specified in subsection §11-15A-6ba(e) of this code, but in the interest of protecting the safety, 25 welfare, and well-being of West Virginia citizens and residents, West Virginia nexus and

jurisdiction shall attach with relation to any such activity for the purpose of making or furtheringretail sales of kratom and kratom products into this state.

(e) If any retailer does not renew its permit, relinquishes its permit, has its permit suspended or revoked, or otherwise ceases selling kratom and kratom products, then any tax, additions to tax, penalties, and interest imposed by this section and by §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code shall become due and the retailer shall make a final return or returns and pay any tax which is due within 90 days of not renewing its permit, relinquishing its permit, having its permit suspended or revoked, or otherwise ceasing business. The unpaid amount of any tax is to be considered a lien.

(f) All money received from the privilege tax imposed under this section, including any
interest and additions to tax paid under §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code, less the amount of any
refunds, and less the fee retained by the Tax Commissioner pursuant to §11-10-27 of this code,
shall be deposited into the Agricultural Fees Fund created by §19-1-4c of this code.

(g) Persons or entities subject to the tax imposed by this subsection shall provide to the
Tax Commissioner any information required by the Tax Commissioner to administer, collect, and
enforce the tax imposed by this subsection.

42 (h) Notwithstanding any provision of §11-10-1 et seq. of this code or of this article to the 43 contrary, the Tax Commissioner, the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner, 44 and the commissioner may enter into written agreements pursuant to which the Tax 45 Commissioner may disclose to designated employees of the Alcohol Beverage Control 46 Administration Commissioner or commissioner, or both, whether a particular retailer or permittee, or applicant for a permit, is in good standing with the Tax Commissioner, and the commissioner 47 may disclose to designated employees of the Tax Commissioner or the Alcohol Beverage Control 48 49 Administration Commissioner, or both, information a retailer or permittee, or applicant for a permit, 50 provides to the commissioner pursuant to this code and the Alcohol Beverage Control 51 Administration Commissioner may disclose to designated employees of the Tax Commissioner,

52 or the commissioner, or both, information a retailer or permittee, or applicant for a permit, provides 53 to the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner pursuant to this code. Tax 54 information disclosed pursuant to a written agreement shall remain confidential in the hands of 55 the receiver and shall not be disclosable under §29B-1-1 *et seq.* of this code. To the extent 56 feasible, this information should be shared or exchanged electronically to ensure safe destruction, 57 or as necessary, proper file retention practices.

(i) The Tax Commissioner may promulgate, in accordance with the provisions of §29A-31 *et seq.* of this code, any necessary legislative rules the Tax Commissioner determines
necessary to the efficient administration of taxes imposed by this subsection.

(1) Funds from the tax imposed by the provisions of this article, less the fee retained by
the Tax Commissioner pursuant to §11-10-27 of this code, and deposited into the Agricultural
Fees Fund shall be divided and deposited as follows:

64 (2) Sixty-five percent shall remain in the Agriculture Fees Fund for the use of the 65 commissioner in administering and enforcing the provisions of this article;

66 (3) Five percent shall be transferred to the Fight Substance Abuse Fund created by §60A67 9-8 of this code; and

68 (4) Thirty percent shall be deposited in the Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund
69 established by the provisions of §60-7-13 of this code.

(j) Notwithstanding any provision in §11-9-1 *et seq.* of this code to the contrary, and as
relevant to the tax imposed by this article, the West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act set
forth in §11-9-1 *et seq.* of this code shall apply with like effect as if the said West Virginia Tax
Crimes and Penalties Act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set
forth in extenso in this article.

(k) Notwithstanding any provision of §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code, or any other provision
of this code to the contrary, the West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act, as set forth
in §11-10-1 *et seq.* of this code, applies to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if the

said West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act were applicable only to the tax imposed
by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

#### §19-12F-8. Application and registration fees.

(a) Applicants for kratom and kratom manufacturer, processor, distributor, or retailer
 permits shall pay a non-refundable application fee of \$1,500 which shall be deposited with the
 State Treasurer to the credit of the Agricultural Fees Fund established by the provisions of §19 1-4c of this code for the use of the commissioner for administering and enforcing the provisions
 of this article.

(b) Processors, manufacturers, distributors, and retailer permit holders shall pay an annual
fee of \$300 which shall be deposited with the State Treasurer to the credit of the Agricultural Fees
Fund established by the provisions of §19-1-4c of this code for the use of the commissioner in
administering and enforcing the provisions of this article.

(c) The business activity subject to application, registration, and permitting under this
article shall be treated as separate and distinct from manufacturing, processing, distribution, or
sale of hemp-derived cannabinoid products, or of hemp addressed and administered under §1912E-1 *et seq.* of this code, or of medical cannabis addressed and administered under §16A-9-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(d) Persons engaged in the manufacturing, processing, distribution, or sale of kratom and
kratom products in this state must obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate as
specified in §11-12-1 *et seq.* of this code and shall be subject to other administrative and
regulatory requirements as set forth in this code.

(e) In the interest of protecting the safety, welfare, and well-being of West Virginia citizens
and residents, West Virginia nexus and jurisdiction attaches for purposes of business registration,
permitting, regulation, and taxation with relation to the activity of distribution or sale of kratom and
kratom products across state lines into this state. Persons located outside of this state that are
engaged in distribution or sale of kratom and kratom products across state lines into this state

must obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate as specified in §11-12-1 *et seq.* of this code and shall be subject to other administrative and regulatory requirements as set forth in this code.

(f) The Tax Commissioner may place a notation on the business registration certificate
showing the status of the certificate holder as a person or entity holding a permit from the
commissioner pursuant to this article.

(g) The commissioner shall keep a list of all persons and entities that have been issued
permits pursuant to this article. Such list shall be public information and shall be published initially
on or before June 30, 2024, by the commissioner on its website from time to time so as to reflect
a current listing.

(h) The commissioner shall keep a list of any persons or entities that have been subject
to a permit revocation, withdrawal, suspension, non-renewal, or other process whereby the
person or entity has ceased to be a permit holder in good standing with the commissioner.

(i) The commissioner shall keep a list of all kratom and kratom products that have been
approved for sale or distribution in this state. Such list shall be public information and shall be
published initially on or before June 30, 2024, by the commissioner on its website from time to
time so as to reflect a current listing.

#### §19-12F-9. Cooperative enforcement agreements.

(a) The provisions of article related to retail sales shall be enforced by the commissioner
 with the assistance of the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner.

3 (b) Pursuant to the labeling requirements under section 9a of this article, the commissioner
4 and the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner shall enter into a memorandum
5 or memoranda of understanding to facilitate enforcement of this article.

6 (c) Procedure for contested cases. Any person or entity seeking to contest an
7 administrative action of the commissioner under this article shall bring such contestation in writing
8 within 14 days under the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act set forth in §29A-5-1 *et*

9 seq. of this code in administrative proceedings held by or before the commissioner, or his or her10 designee.

(d) In addition to any other memoranda, the commissioner, Commissioner of the Alcohol
 Beverage Control Administration, and the Tax Commissioner may enter into, they shall agree by
 memorandum to the following:

14 (1) To assist each other in enforcement of this article;

15 (2) To assist each other in training and cooperating with State and local law enforcement

16 to develop a state-wide plan for implementing the provisions of this article;

17 (3) To confer among themselves and law enforcement about enforcement of this article18 on a monthly basis; and

(4) To jointly compile a report to be submitted to the Joint Committee on Government and
Finance on or before January 1, 2025, as to actions undertaken to enforce this article and the
results thereof.

#### §19-12F-9a. Mandatory labeling.

(a) The commissioner shall review labels to be used on kratom and kratom products to be
 sold in this state.

3 (b) The commissioner may require and prescribe such labeling as the commissioner may
4 determine to be necessary and appropriate for kratom and kratom products to be sold to the final
5 consumer in this state.

6 (c) Kratom and kratom products may not be sold to the final consumer in this state without7 an approved label.

#### §19-12F-11. Criminal violations; penalties.

(a) Any person who manufactures, processes, distributes, sells, or offers for sale any
 kratom or kratom product in this state without a permit is guilty of a crime.

3 (1) A first violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, a
4 person shall be fined not more than \$1,000, confined in jail for not more than one year, or both
5 fined and confined.

6 (2) A second or subsequent violation of this subsection is a felony and, upon conviction
7 thereof, a person shall be fined not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility
8 for not less than one nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

9 (b) Any person who manufactures, processes, distributes, sells, or offers to sell any kratom 10 or kratom product knowing or having reason to know that the product has been contaminated with 11 a toxic or illegal substance is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 12 more than \$10,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than two nor more 13 than 10 years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(c)(1) Any person who knowingly manufactures, processes, distributes, sells, or offers for
sale any kratom or kratom product which has not been approved by the commissioner is guilty of
a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than
\$5,000, or confined in jail for not more than one year, or both fined and confined.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a second or
subsequent violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection constitutes a felony and any person
convicted thereof shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not less than one nor
more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(d) Any person who knowingly manufactures, distributes, offers for sale, or sells
contaminated kratom or kratom product is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
fined not less than \$10,000 nor more than \$25,000, or imprisoned for not less than one nor more
than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(e) Any person who knowingly distributes or sells kratom or a kratom product to a person
under the age of 21 is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than

\$5,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than five years,
or both fined and imprisoned.

30 (f) (1) Any person under the age of 21 who possesses kratom or a kratom product is guilty
31 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or confined
32 in jail for not more than one year, or both fined and confined.

33 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, second and
34 subsequent violations of subdivision (1) of this subsection constitute a felony and any person
35 convicted thereof shall be fined not more than \$5,000, imprisoned in a state correctional facility
36 for not less than one nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned.

37 (g) Administrative sanctions.

38 (1) In the case of any person or entity holding a permit issued by the commissioner under 39 this article charged with any criminal violation enumerated in this section, in addition to such 40 criminal penalties imposed, the commissioner may impose administrative sanctions including, but 41 not limited to, permanent revocation of any one or more permits held by the violator, revocation 42 of one or more permits held by the violator for a period of time to be determined by the 43 commissioner, suspension of any one or more permits held by the violator for a period of time to 44 be determined by the commissioner, fine or fines to any one or more permits held by the violator 45 not to exceed \$1,000 per each violation as determined by the commissioner, or non-issuance of 46 a permit upon application of a violator. For purposes of this subsection, administrative sanctions 47 may be imposed by the commissioner upon or against any alter ego, agent, representative, or 48 person or entity acting on behalf of, or in the interest of, a violator.

49 (2) The commissioner may impose the administrative sanctions in subdivision (1) of this
50 subsection upon any person or entity under indictment for any of the criminal violations during,
51 and during the pendency of, a criminal trial therefor.

(h) Nothing in this article prohibits an authorized enforcement agent of the Alcohol
Beverage Control Administration Commissioner or a person who is at least 18 years of age from

54 purchasing or possessing kratom products when he or she is acting upon the request of, or under 55 the direction and control of any member of a state, federal, or local law-enforcement agency or 56 the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration Commissioner while the agency is conducting an 57 investigation or other activity relating to the criminal or administrative enforcement of this article.

#### CHAPTER 60. STATE CONTROL OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS.

#### **ARTICLE 7. LICENSES TO PRIVATE CLUBS.**

# §60-7-13. Revocation or suspension of license; monetary penalty; hearing; assessment of costs; establishment of enforcement fund.

1 (a) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a licensee has: (i) Violated the 2 provisions of §11-16-1 *et seq.* of this code or of this chapter; (ii) acted in such a way as would 3 have precluded initial or renewal licensure; or (iii) violated any rule or order promulgated by the 4 commissioner, the commissioner may impose any one or a combination of the following 5 sanctions:

6 (1) Revoke the licensee's license;

7 (2) Suspend the licensee's license;

8 (3) Place the licensee on probationary status for a period not to exceed 12 months; and
9 (4) Impose a monetary penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation where revocation
10 is not imposed.

11 (b) Any monetary penalty assessed and collected by the commissioner shall be 12 transmitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the State Treasury to the credit of a special 13 revenue fund designated the Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund, which is hereby 14 continued. All moneys collected, received, and deposited in the Alcohol Beverage Control 15 Enforcement Fund shall be kept and maintained for expenditures by the commissioner for the 16 purpose of enforcement of the statutes and rules pertaining to alcoholic liquor, nonintoxicating 17 beer as set forth in §11-16-1 *et seq.* of this code, hemp-derived cannabinoids as set forth in §19-

18 12E-12 of this code, and kratom as set forth in §19-12F-1 *et seq.* of this code. The Alcohol 19 Beverage Control Enforcement Fund shall not be treated by the State Treasurer or State Auditor 20 as any part of the general revenue of the state. At the end of each fiscal year all funds in the 21 Alcohol Beverage Control Enforcement Fund in excess of \$200,000 shall be transferred to the 22 General Revenue Fund.

(c) In addition to the grounds for revocation, suspension, or other sanction of a license set
forth in §60-7-13(a) of this code, conviction of the licensee of any offense constituting a violation
of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to alcoholic liquor, nonintoxicating beer, or
gambling shall be mandatory grounds for such sanctioning of a license. Conviction of the licensee
of any violation of the laws of this state or of the United States relating to prostitution, or the sale,
possession, or distribution of narcotics or controlled substances, is mandatory grounds for
revocation of the licensee's license for a period of at least one year.

(d) A licensee shall notify, in a timely manner, emergency medical services or law
enforcement if a licensee knows, or has reason to know, of a life-threatening medical emergency
occurring on the licensed premises. In addition to the grounds for revocation, suspension, or other
sanction of a license set forth in this section, the commissioner may revoke, suspend, or otherwise
sanction a licensee for failing to comply with the provisions of this section.

(e) If a life-threatening medical emergency occurs on a licensee's private premises
requiring notification of emergency medical services or law enforcement under §60-7-13(d) of this
code, the licensee shall notify the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration within 48 hours of the
emergency's occurrence. The commissioner may revoke, suspend, or otherwise sanction a
licensee for failing to comply with the 48-hour notification requirement.

40 (f) As used in this section, a life-threatening medical emergency includes, but is not limited
41 to, respiratory distress or cessation of breathing, severe chest pains, shock, uncontrolled
42 bleeding, poisoning, prolonged unconsciousness, overdose, any complaint or observation which

- 43 indicates significant head or spinal injury, and life-threatening physical injury caused by a crime
- 44 of violence against the person occupying or emanating from the licensed premises.

The Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Delegates hereby certify that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Originated in the Senate.

In effect from passage.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within is .....

Day of ....., 2024.

Governor